

KV8.2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-16458
lsotype	lgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse
Applications	WB;IHC
Gene Name	KCNV2
Protein Name	Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily V member 2
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human KCNV2. AA range:187-236
Specificity	KV8.2 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of KV8.2 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	WB 1:500-2000;IHC-p 1:50-300
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	≥90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	KCNV2; Potassium voltage-gated channel subfamily V member 2; Voltage-gated potassium channel subunit Kv8.2
Observed Band	62kD
Cell Pathway	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Has to be associated with KCNB1 or possibly another partner to get inserted in the plasma membrane. Remains intracellular in the absence of KCNB1.
Tissue Specificity	Detected in lung, liver, kidney, pancreas, spleen, thymus, prostate, testis, ovary and colon.
Function	disease:Defects in KCNV2 are the cause of cone dystrophy retinal type 3B (RCD3B) [MIM:610356]; also called cone dystrophy with night blindness and supernormal rod responses KCNV2-related. RCD3B is a rare form of cone dystrophy associated with supernormal rod responses. The disorder is characterized by reduced visual acuity, photoaversion, night blindness, and abnormal color vision. At an early age, the retina shows subtle depigmentation at the macula and, later, more obvious areas of atrophy.,domain:The segment S4 is probably the voltage-sensor and is characterized by a series of positively charged amino acids at every third position.,function:Potassium channel subunit. Modulates channel activity by shifting the threshold and the half-maximal activation to more negative values.,similarity:Belongs to the potassium channel family. V subfamily.,subcellular location:Has to be associated with

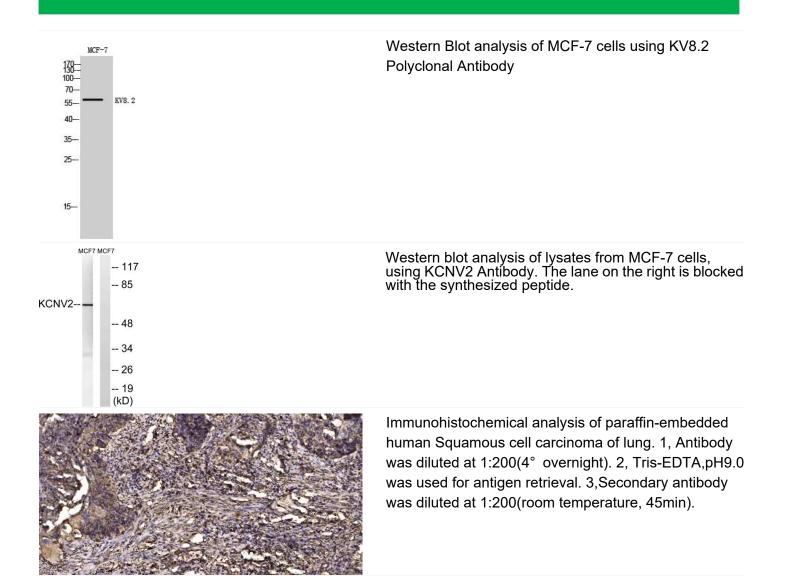


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BackgroundVoltage-gated potassium (Kv) channels represent the most complex class of
voltage-gated ion channels from both functional and structural standpoints. Their
diverse functions include regulating neurotransmitter release, heart rate, insulin
secretion, neuronal excitability, epithelial electrolyte transport, smooth muscle
contraction, and cell volume. This gene encodes a member of the potassium
voltage-gated channel subfamily V. This member is identified as a 'silent
subunit', and it does not form homomultimers, but forms heteromultimers
with several other subfamily members. Through obligatory heteromerization, it
exerts a function-altering effect on other potassium channel subunits. This protein
is strongly expressed in pancreas and has a weaker expression in several other
tissues. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],Matters needing
attentionAvoid repeated freezing and thawing!Usage suggestionsThis product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For
more information, please consult technical personnel.

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